**新泰一中北校高一下学期期中考试英语试题**

**(试卷满分150分，考试时间120分钟)**

**注意事项：**

**1.答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号等填写在答题卡上。**

**2.回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。**

**3.考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。**

**第一部分 听力(共两节，满分30分)**

**做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。**

**第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分，满分7.5分)**

**听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。**

1. What is Maria going to do tonight?

A. Do her homework. B. Return the books. C. Go to the gym.

2. What is Laura?

A. A waitress. B. A cook. C. A student.

3. Where did the man go yesterday afternoon?

A. The cinema. B. The bookstore. C. The office.

4. How much did the woman pay for her coat?

A. $60. B. $75. C. $90.

5. What does the man decide to do on Christmas Day?

A. Travel with his parents. B. Stay at home. C. Attend a party.

**第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分，满分22.5分)**

**听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟;听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。**

**听下面一段对话，回答第6和第7两个小题。**

6. How did the man lose weight this time?

A. He kept on a diet. B. He did some exercise. C. He took some diet pills.

7. What does the man say about the woman?

A. She is in good shape. B. She needs much exercise. C. She’s always quite energetic.

**听下面一段对话，回答第8和第9两个小题。**

8. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A trip plan. B. Some pictures. C. The woman’s homework.

9. What does the man suggest the woman do?

A. Have a rest. B. Write about her trip. C. Ask her teacher for help.

**听下面一段对话，回答第10至第12三个小题。**

10. Where is Mr. Smith?

A. At the office. B. At Energy Gyms. C. At a golf club.

11. What does Mr. Smith ask Tracy to do?

A. Call Carole. B. Visit Carole in person. C. Check Carole’s order.

12. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Husband and wife. B. Boss and secretary. C. Manager and customer.

**听下面一段对话，回答第13至第16四个小题。**

13. How long did Reading and Leeds Festival last?

A. Three days. B. Four days. C. Five days.

14. Why did the woman set off on Thursday evening?

A. To enjoy some live bands.

B. To avoid being caught in the rain.

C. To find a good place in the campsite.

15. What does the woman think of the festival?

A. Disappointing. B. Enjoyable. C. Average.

16. Who does the man like?

A. The Darkness. B. Franz Ferdinand. C. Morrissey.

**听下面一段对话，回答第17至第20四个小题。**

17. What time will the listeners get to Loch Ness tomorrow?

A. At 11:30 am. B. At 10:30 am. C. At 8:30 am.

18. Where will the listeners get on the bus?

A. In front of the hotel. B. In the car park. C. Behind the restaurant.

19. What are the listeners advised to take?

A. Some food. B. Bus tickets. C. Warm clothes.

20. When is the talk being given?

A. In the evening. B. In the afternoon. C. In the morning.

**第二部分 阅读(共两节，满分50分)**

**第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分，满分37.5分)**

**阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。**

**A**

**Novels for Nature Lovers**

Serious fiction has been linked with urbanity. Many novelists seemingly don’t even try to get nature right. But there are fictions writers out there who write well about the natural world.

***Where the Crawdads Sing***

It begins with a young woman living a semi-feral(半野生的) existence in coastal North Carolina. There is murder and romance and vivid characters. But there’s also wildlife and ecology and nature observation. Field guide illustrations (插图) play a central role throughout the story.

***When the Killing’s Done***

This novel is based loosely on a real conservation project in which The Nature Conservancy played a role: the removal of invasive pigs from California’s Channel Islands to allow the recovery of native wildlife. The plot centers on a national park biologist committed to recovering island foxes and an animal rightist wanting to stop the killing of pigs at any cost.

***The Overstory***

This Pulitzer-winning novel tells the story of nine strangers, connected by the power of trees, who join across time and space to fight against a environmental disaster. A scientist with a hearing disability discovers that trees communicate with one another. A soldier fighting in the Vietnam War is saved when he falls from his aircraft into the bows of a banyan tree.

***The White Bone***

Mud and her group of elephants are walking through a land hit by drought. They pass by the bodies of other elephants that have been terribly harmed. The rains are late, and the dry land looks strange. Their memories seem to be falling apart. They are searching for the white bone, which will show the elephants a safe place.

1. Which novel tells the story of plants helping people?

A. *Where the Crawdads Sing*. B. *When the Killing’s Done*.

C. *The Overstory*. D. *The White Bone*.

2. What is special about *When the Killing’s Done*?

A. It aims to protect local foxes. B. It focuses on a national park.

C. It strictly retells a real event. D. It presents opposing views.

3. What do the four novels have in common?

A. They are Pulitzer Prize winners. B. They involve humans and nature.

C. They feature animal protection. D. They have an urban background.

【答案】1. C 2. D 3. B

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇应用文，文章为自然爱好者推荐了几本小说。

【1题详解】

细节理解题。根据***The Overstory***部分中“This Pulitzer-winning novel tells the story of nine strangers, connected by the power of trees, who join across time and space to fight against a environmental disaster.(这部普利策获奖小说讲述了九个陌生人通过树木的力量联系在一起，跨越时间和空间，共同对抗环境灾难的故事)”可知，该小说是关于植物帮助人们的故事，故选C。

【2题详解】

推理判断题。根据***When the Killing’s Done***部分中“This novel is based loosely on a real conservation project in which The Nature Conservancy played a role: the removal of invasive pigs from California’s Channel Islands to allow the recovery of native wildlife. The plot centers on a national park biologist committed to recovering island foxes and an animal rightist wanting to stop the killing of pigs at any cost.(这部小说大致基于一个真实的自然保护项目，大自然保护协会在其中发挥了作用：从加利福尼亚海峡群岛移走入侵的猪，让当地野生动物恢复。故事围绕着一位致力于恢复岛屿狐狸的国家公园生物学家和一位不惜一切代价阻止捕杀猪的动物保护主义者展开)”可知，书中涉及致力于移除入侵的猪恢复岛屿狐狸的生物学家和反对捕杀猪的动物保护主义者，故它呈现了对立的观点，故选D。

【3题详解】

细节理解题。根据全文内容，结合第一段中“But there are fictions writers out there who write well about the natural world.(但也有一些小说作家把自然世界写得很好)”以及下文中“There is murder and romance and vivid characters. But there’s also wildlife and ecology and nature observation.(有谋杀、浪漫和生动的人物。但也有野生动物、生态和自然观察)”、“The plot centers on a national park biologist committed to recovering island foxes and an animal rightist wanting to stop the killing of pigs at any cost.(故事围绕着一位致力于恢复岛屿狐狸的国家公园生物学家和一位不惜一切代价阻止捕杀猪的动物保护主义者展开)”、“This Pulitzer-winning novel tells the story of nine strangers, connected by the power of trees, who join across time and space to fight against a environmental disaster.(这部普利策获奖小说讲述了九个陌生人通过树木的力量联系在一起，跨越时间和空间，共同对抗环境灾难的故事)”和“Mud and her group of elephants are walking through a land hit by drought.(Mud和她的象群正在穿过一片干旱的土地)”可知，这四本书的共同点是它们都涉及人和自然，故选B。

**B**

Catarina Rosa Morais Chato had heart surgery when she was just 6 months old to repair a hole in her heart. The operation was effective in closing the hole, but four years later, she developed pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), a type of high blood pressure in the heart and lungs that can be linked with congenital (先天的) heart disease — and for which there is no cure.

Her symptoms included coughing, exhaustion, chest pain and feeling faint, especially when climbing stairs. She was told to stop all forms of exercise, since physical activity would be too draining on her body. “My dream of dancing died that day,” she says, adding that she felt lonely when she couldn’t join her friends on the sports field.

Following her diagnosis (诊断), she quickly began treatment to help manage her symptoms, which enabled her to live a fairly normal life. That includes working as a personal care assistant, helping nurses in the same hospital where she was born. At first, she found the long hours on her feet very tiring. But thanks to a flexible schedule, as well as learning to go at her own pace, “I exceed (超出) my expectations,” she says.

She’s also found love: “My fiance, Tiago, has always supported me. He comes with me to cardiology visits, reminds me to take my medication and does things like carry the shopping bag for me.”

Reflecting on the challenges she has overcome, Chato feels pride. “Despite all the sad times I have been through, I am alive. I work, drive, travel, and do housekeeping, I get to watch my nephews grow up,” she says. “25 years ago there was not as much hope for people with PAH. My advice to anyone is: Be happy, enjoy every minute of your life and don’t give up.”

4. What caused Chato to develop PAH?

A. The failed operation. B. Her lack of exercise.

C. Her heart condition. D. The lung infection.

5. Why did Chato give up her dream?

A. She was unwilling to see others. B. Her interest in dancing was reduced.

C. She had to receive treatment. D. Her physical state worsened.

6. How did Chato manage her work?

A. By getting extra breaks. B. By changing work pace.

C. By asking others for help. D. By showing more patience.

7. Which words can best describe Chato?

A. Courageous and tough. B. Energetic and talkative.

C. Considerate and gifted. D. Humorous and modest.

【答案】4. C 5. D 6. B 7. A

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。讲述了Catarina Rosa Morais Chato患有先天性心脏病后又患PAH，经治疗坚持工作，她以自身经历鼓励人们热爱生活、永不放弃的事迹。

【4题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段中“she developed pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), a type of high blood pressure in the heart and lungs that can be linked with congenital (先天的) heart disease(她患上了肺动脉高压（PAH），这是一种心脏和肺部的高血压，可能与先天性心脏病有关)”可知，Chato患上肺动脉高压可能与先天性心脏病有关，故选C。

【5题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段中“Her symptoms included coughing, exhaustion, chest pain and feeling faint, especially when climbing stairs. She was told to stop all forms of exercise, since physical activity would be too draining on her body. ‘My dream of dancing died that day,’ she says(她的症状包括咳嗽、疲惫、胸痛和头晕，尤其是在爬楼梯的时候。她被告知要停止一切形式的运动，因为体育活动对她的身体太消耗了。‘我的舞蹈梦想在那天破灭了，’她说)”可知，Chato放弃她的梦想是因为身体状况恶化，故选D。

【6题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段中“At first, she found the long hours on her feet very tiring. But thanks to a flexible schedule, as well as learning to go at her own pace, ‘I exceed (超出) my expectations,’ she says.(起初，她觉得长时间站着很累。但多亏了灵活的时间安排，以及学着按照自己的节奏去做，‘我超出了自己的预期，’她说)”可知，Chato是通过改变工作节奏来胜任自己的工作的，故选B。

【7题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段中“Catarina Rosa Morais Chato had heart surgery when she was just 6 months old to repair a hole in her heart. The operation was effective in closing the hole, but four years later, she developed pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)(Catarina Rosa Morais Chato在6个月大的时候做了心脏手术来修复心脏上的一个洞。手术有效地堵住了这个洞，但四年后，她患上了肺动脉高压（PAH）)”、第三段中“Following her diagnosis (诊断), she quickly began treatment to help manage her symptoms, which enabled her to live a fairly normal life. That includes working as a personal care assistant, helping nurses in the same hospital where she was born.(在她的诊断之后，她很快开始治疗，以帮助控制她的症状，这使她能够过着相当正常的生活。这包括在她出生的同一家医院担任个人护理助理，帮助护士)”和最后一段中“I work, drive, travel, and do housekeeping(我工作，开车，旅行，做家务)”可知，Chato身患顽疾，但她克服挑战正常生活和工作，故她勇敢且坚强，故选A。

**C**

AI is already part of our daily lives. However, dependence on it can cause great harm to our ability to think critically. According to researchers from Microsoft and Carnegie Mellon University, too much reliance on these tools can cause great harm to critical thinking, as well as negatively affect the brain’s ability to combine different ideas, styles, or systems into a single idea or system. The study defined the structure of thought as a pyramid. In this way, knowledge is at the top, followed by understanding ideas, practice, comparing ideas and, finally, synthesizing (合成) them.

Based on surveys of 319 so-called “knowledge workers”, who can generally be categorized as “white-collar jobs”, the study found that while generative AI can improve efficiency, it can hold back critical engagement with work. In this way, it potentially ends up leading to increasing dependence on the tool in the long term, in addition to a decrease in the ability to independently solve problems.

The impact of this problem is being seen mainly in the business sector. According to a report published by the World Economic Forum, there was a decrease of around 41% in the workforce. Big tech CEOs have admitted that they are distributing much of their work to AI, according to CNET. This migration of functions to AI has led to a wave of layoffs and fewer job openings.

A series of executive (执行的) orders related to AI safety issued by former US President Joe Biden have been revoked by President Donald Trump, reducing limitations on big tech. In this regard, last week, Google lifted a ban on the use of AI in the development of weapons and surveillance (监视) tools.

Another very common use by workers is to use AI to correct and review their work already done. Although this action requires some critical thinking, researchers warn that long-term use can destroy the ability to synthesize.

8. Which part of the thought pyramid is most affected by AI?

A. Practising. B. Comparing. C. Understanding. D. Synthesizing.

9. Why is workforce decrease in business mentioned?

A. To show AI damages economy. B. To indicate AI-related job loss.

C. To advise workers to raise efficiency. D. To prove AI has more critical thinking.

10. What does the underlined word “revoked” in paragraph 4 mean?

A. Analyzed. B. Cancelled. C. Considered. D. Strengthened.

11 What can be inferred from Google lifting the AI use ban?

A. AI safety is no longer a concern. B. Google leads in AI military fields.

C. People grow more inclusive of AI. D. The previous ban ignores the reality.

【答案】8. D 9. B 10. B 11. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章围绕人工智能（AI）对人类思维及社会多方面的影响展开论述，通过引用研究、报告及实际事例，阐述了过度依赖AI对人类批判性思维能力、就业市场以及AI安全政策等方面的影响。

【8题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段“According to researchers from Microsoft and Carnegie Mellon University, too much reliance on these tools can cause great harm to critical thinking, as well as negatively affect the brain’s ability to combine different ideas, styles, or systems into a single idea or system. The study defined the structure of thought as a pyramid. In this way, knowledge is at the top, followed by understanding ideas, practice, comparing ideas and, finally, synthesizing them. (根据微软和卡耐基梅隆大学的研究人员的说法，过度依赖这些工具会对批判性思维造成极大的伤害，同时也会对大脑将不同的想法、风格或系统组合成一个单一的想法或系统的能力产生负面影响。该研究将思维结构定义为金字塔。这样，知识是最重要的，其次是理解思想、实践、比较思想，最后是综合思想)”可知，思维金字塔中受人工智能影响最大的部分是综合思想。故选D。

【9题详解】

推理判断题。根据第三段“The impact of this problem is being seen mainly in the business sector. According to a report published by the World Economic Forum, there was a decrease of around 41% in the workforce. Big tech CEOs have admitted that they are distributing much of their work to AI, according to CNET. This migration of functions to AI has led to a wave of layoffs and fewer job openings.(这个问题的影响主要表现在商业领域。根据世界经济论坛发布的一份报告，劳动力减少了41%左右。据CNET报道，大型科技公司首席执行官承认，他们正在将大部分工作分配给人工智能。这种功能向人工智能的迁移导致了一波裁员和职位空缺的减少。)”可推知，文中提到商业领域劳动力减少是为了表明与人工智能相关的工作岗位流失。故选B。

【10题详解】

词句猜测题。根据画线词下文“ In this regard, last week, Google lifted a ban on the use of AI in the development of weapons and surveillance (监视) tools.(在这方面，上周，谷歌取消了对在武器和监视工具开发中使用人工智能的禁令。)”可知，美国前总统乔·拜登发布的一系列与人工智能安全相关的行政命令被美国总统唐纳德·特朗普撤销，减少了对大型科技公司的限制。由此可知，revoked意为“撤销”。故选B。

【11题详解】

推理判断题。根据第四段“A series of executive (执行的) orders related to AI safety issued by former US President Joe Biden have been revoked by President Donald Trump, reducing limitations on big tech. In this regard, last week, Google lifted a ban on the use of AI in the development of weapons and surveillance (监视) tools.(美国前总统乔·拜登发布的一系列与人工智能安全相关的行政命令被美国总统唐纳德·特朗普撤销，减少了对大型科技公司的限制。在这方面，上周，谷歌取消了对在武器和监视工具开发中使用人工智能的禁令。)”可推知，从谷歌解除人工智能使用禁令可以推断出人们对人工智能的包容性更强了。故选C。

**D**

Imagine that you are in a crowded place. You do not notice, but someone is watching you and learns your iPhone password(密码). Then, they steal your phone. Suddenly, your photos, documents, financial information, and the rest of your digital life have been taken from you.

Apple, the iPhone maker, recently released an update to its iOS operating system. It has a new feature called Stolen Device Protection (SDP). The feature makes it a lot harder for phone thieves to open the device and access important functions and settings.

Apple says the feature adds extra security for users. It addresses a drawback that thieves have used to lock device owners out of their Apple accounts, delete their photos and other files from their iCloud, and take money from their bank accounts.

SDP keeps track of a user’s “familiar locations”, such as their home or workplace. It also reduces the importance of passwords. Instead, it favors “biometric”(生物识别的)features such as faces or fingerprints, which are a lot harder to copy.

If a thief tries to erase or reset an iPhone, the device will require a Face ID or Touch ID scan to confirm that the person is the rightful owner. The new feature does not let someone use the password or any other backup method.

Another part of the new feature is designed to slow down thieves trying to change security settings. For example, if someone tries to sign out of an Apple ID account, change the password or reset the phone in an unfamiliar location, they will have to authenticate(证实)by using Face ID or Touch ID, wait an hour, and then do a second facial or fingerprint scan.

Changing an Apple ID password, updating Apple ID security settings, adding or removing Face or Touch ID, and turning off the Find My device feature or Stolen Device Protection also will lead to this feature.

12. What is the function of paragraph 1?

A. To set a phone-stealing scene.

B. To introduce the following text.

C. To remind readers to be cautious.

D. To explain how password theft directly causes device loss.

13. What can SDP do to add security for users?

A. Stop iCloud files from being deleted.

B. Make it less likely to enter the phone.

C. Secure Apple accounts with remote locking.

D. Prevent thieves from accessing bank accounts.

14. What does SDP require for resetting a stolen iPhone?

A. Previous passwords. B. A new security setting. C. An Apple ID account. D. Identity recognition.

15. What does the passage mainly talk about?

A. iPhone’s anti-theft measure. B. Apple ID security settings.

C. Usage of biometric features. D. Apple’s iOS operating system.

【答案】12. B 13. B 14. D 15. A

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文，文章主要介绍了iPhone的“失窃设备保护”功能。

【12题详解】

推理判断题。第一段“Imagine that you are in a crowded place. You do not notice, but someone is watching you and learns your iPhone password(密码). Then, they steal your phone. Suddenly, your photos, documents, financial information, and the rest of your digital life have been taken from you.(想象你在一个拥挤的地方。你没有注意到，有人在看着你，并且知道了你的iPhone密码。然后，他们偷了你的手机。突然之间，你的照片、文件、财务信息和你数字生活的其余部分都被拿走了)”假设了一个情境：别人盗取你的iPhone密码然后手机上的个人信息被泄露，下文介绍了iPhone的“失窃设备保护”功能，这一功能使得手机窃贼更难打开手机并访问重要信息，故第一段的作用是为了介绍接下来的内容，故选B。

【13题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段中“It has a new feature called Stolen Device Protection (SDP). The feature makes it a lot harder for phone thieves to open the device and access important functions and settings.(它有一个新功能，称为失窃设备保护（SDP）。这一功能使得手机窃贼更难打开手机并访问重要功能和设置)”可知，SDP可以让手机不太容易被他人打开，故选B。

【14题详解】

细节理解题。根据第五段中“If a thief tries to erase or reset an iPhone, the device will require a Face ID or Touch ID scan to confirm that the person is the rightful owner.(如果小偷试图删除或重置iPhone，该设备将需要面部识别或触摸识别扫描，以确认该人是合法的所有者)”可知，如果想重置iPhone，需要身份确认，故选D。

【15题详解】

主旨大意题。根据全文内容，结合第二段“Apple, the iPhone maker, recently released an update to its iOS operating system. It has a new feature called Stolen Device Protection (SDP). The feature makes it a lot harder for phone thieves to open the device and access important functions and settings.(iPhone制造商苹果公司（Apple）最近发布了iOS操作系统的更新。它有一个新功能，称为被盗设备保护（SDP）。这一功能使得手机窃贼更难打开手机并访问重要功能和设置)”可知，文章主要介绍了iPhone的“失窃设备保护”功能，故选A。

**第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分，满分12.5分)**

**阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。**

Music is used across cultures and ages as a powerful mood regulator. \_\_\_16\_\_\_ The emotional power of music is one of the main reasons why people devote so much time, energy, and money to it. People use music to achieve various goals, such as feeling more energized, keeping focused on tasks, and reducing boredom.

Music offers a resource for emotion regulation. For instance, sad music enables listeners to stay away from painful situations. \_\_\_17\_\_\_ Further, lyrics that have a connection with the listener’s personal experience can give voice to feelings or experiences that one might not be able to express oneself. Listening to soft and slow music, such as classical music, is better for managing negative emotions compared to hard or heavy music.

\_\_\_18\_\_\_ Music is a powerful emotional stimulus(刺激物) that changes our relationship with time. Time does indeed seem to fly when listening to pleasant music. Hearing pleasant music seems to keep attention away from time processing. Moreover, this attention-related shortening effect appears to be greater in the case of calm music with a slow tempo (节奏). For example, music is used in waiting rooms to reduce the subjective length of time spent waiting or in supermarkets to encourage people to stay for longer and buy more. \_\_\_19\_\_\_

In sum, music can change our moods, emotions, and motivation. We can use music to express or challenge our moods. \_\_\_20\_\_\_ For example, the protest song “Baraye” expresses Iranians’ (伊朗人的) painful complaints.

A. Music can also show the mood on a national level.

B. We regularly use music to comfort our souls and pain.

C. Music are likely to affect a nation’s policies or decisions.

D. This is because they focus instead on the beauty of the music.

E. When listening to music, We are amazed at how quickly time passes by.

F. Music shows that one’s understanding of the passage of time is subjective.

G. Consumers spend more time in the grocery store when the background music is slow.

【答案】16. B 17. D 18. F 19. G 20. A

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。本文介绍了音乐在不同文化和年龄段中被用作一种强大的情绪调节器，通过音乐可以表达或挑战我们的情绪，还可以在国家层面上表达情绪。

【16题详解】

根据上文“Music is used across cultures and ages as a powerful mood regulator.(音乐在不同文化和不同年龄段中都被用作一种强大的情绪调节器。)”可知，音乐可以用于调节情绪。B选项中“comfort our souls and pain”对应上文中“a powerful mood regulator”。故B选项“我们经常用音乐来安慰我们的灵魂和痛苦”符合语境。故选B。

【17题详解】

根据上文“For instance, sad music enables listeners to stay away from painful situations.(例如，悲伤的音乐使听众远离痛苦的情况。)”以及下文“Further, lyrics that have a connection with the listener’s personal experience can give voice to feelings or experiences that one might not be able to express oneself.(此外，与听众个人经历有关的歌词可以表达出一个人可能无法表达自己的感受或经历。)”可知，上文提到悲伤的音乐可以使人远离痛苦，后文则提到歌词与听众经历的联系，由此可知，空处承接上文，说明悲伤的音乐使人远离痛苦的原因。故D选项“这是因为他们反而专注于音乐之美”符合语境。故选D。

【18题详解】

根据下文“Music is a powerful emotional stimulus(刺激物) that changes our relationship with time. Time does indeed seem to fly when listening to pleasant music.(音乐是一种强大的情感刺激物，它改变了我们与时间的关系。听悦耳的音乐时，时间似乎确实过得飞快。)”可知，本段主要讲述了音乐表明一个人对时间流逝的理解是主观的。故F选项“音乐表明一个人对时间流逝的理解是主观的”符合语境，故选F。

【19题详解】

根据上文“For example, music is used in waiting rooms to reduce the subjective length of time spent waiting or in supermarkets to encourage people to stay for longer and buy more.(例如，音乐被用于候诊室以减少等待时间的主观长度，或被用于超市以鼓励人们停留更长时间并购买更多商品。)”可知，上文举例说明了音乐被用于超市以鼓励人们停留更长时间并购买更多商品，G选项中“spend more time”对应上文中“stay for longer”。故G选项“当背景音乐缓慢时，消费者在杂货店花费的时间更多”符合语境，引起下文。故选G。

【20题详解】

根据下文“For example, the protest song “Baraye” expresses Iranians (伊朗人的) painful complaints.(例如，抗议歌曲《Baraye》表达了伊朗人痛苦的抱怨。)”可知，下文举例说明了抗议歌曲《Baraye》表达了伊朗人痛苦的抱怨，可见音乐可以表达一个国家人民的心情，即音乐也可以在国家层面上表达情绪。故A选项“音乐也可以在国家层面上表达情绪'”符合语境，故选A。

**第三部分 语言运用(每小题1分，满分15分)**

**第一节(共15小题;每小题1分，满分15分)**

**阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。**

Arunima Sinha’s extraordinary life story is a powerful testament (证明) to the tough spirit rooted in every human being.

Before her life-changing journey, Arunima was a former national-level volleyball player in India, a woman with endless \_\_\_21\_\_\_ ambitions and dreams. However, fate (命运) takes an unexpected \_\_\_22\_\_\_ when she faces a life-changing tragedy that will \_\_\_23\_\_\_ her life forever.

Arunima was thrown from a moving train by thieves and she \_\_\_24\_\_\_ some severe wounds that eventually required the amputation (截肢) of one of her legs. Many people may have seen this as a challenge difficult to \_\_\_25\_\_\_, but Arunima refused to allow this tragic incident to \_\_\_26\_\_\_ her or set the boundaries of her potential.

Instead, she turned the extreme pain and annoyance that \_\_\_27\_\_\_ came with such a radical change in her life into a \_\_\_28\_\_\_ to accomplish something truly \_\_\_29\_\_\_. With a burning desire to prove to herself and the whole world that difficulties could, can and will never \_\_\_\_30\_\_\_\_ her, Arunima set her sights on the highest \_\_\_\_31\_\_\_\_ on earth, Everest. Armed with her \_\_\_\_32\_\_\_\_ leg and strong will, she started a monumental journey to \_\_\_\_33\_\_\_\_ the world’s tallest mountain.

Her rise went far beyond her personal \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_. It was a clear message to the world about the countless \_\_\_\_35\_\_\_\_ of the human spirit.

21. A. academic B. athletic C. unrealistic D. unaware

22. A. risk B. break C. turn D. journey

23. A. reshape B. ruin C. challenge D. disturb

24. A. hid B. cleared C. noticed D. tolerated

25. A. overcome B. relieve C. adjust D. ignore

26. A. push B. define C. blame D. remind

27. A. occasionally B. passively C. actually D. unavoidably

28. A. drive B. desire C. method D. message

29. A. precious B. exceptional C. rewarding D. influential

30. A. injure B. remove C. discourage D. annoy

31. A. peak B. point C. bridge D. tower

32. A. exhausted B. long C. slim D. artificial

33. A. climb B. explore C. challenge D. visit

34. A. efforts B. contributions C. success D. trouble

35. A. functions B. aspects C. opportunities D. potentials

【答案】21. B 22. C 23. A 24. D 25. A 26. B 27. D 28. A 29. B 30. C 31. A 32. D 33. A 34. C 35. D

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。本文讲述了印度前国家级排球运动员阿鲁尼马・辛哈的非凡人生故事。

【21题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：在她那改变人生的旅程之前，阿鲁尼马曾是印度的一名国家级排球运动员，一个有着无尽运动场抱负和梦想的女性。A. academic学术的；B. athletic运动的；C. unrealistic不切实际的；D. unaware无意识的。根据上文“a former national-level volleyball player”可知，她曾是国家级排球运动员，所以她有着无限的运动抱负和梦想。故选B。

【22题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：然而，命运发生了意想不到的转折，她遭遇了一场改变人生的悲剧，这场悲剧将永远重塑她的生活。A. risk冒险；B. break休息；C. turn转折；D. journey旅程。根据下文“she faces a life-changing tragedy”可知，她面临着一场改变人生的悲剧，所以命运发生了意想不到的转折。故选C。

【23题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：然而，命运发生了意想不到的转折，她遭遇了一场改变人生的悲剧，这场悲剧将永远重塑她的生活。A. reshape重塑；B. ruin摧毁；C. challenge挑战；D. disturb打扰。根据上文“she faces a life-changing tragedy”可知，她面临着一场改变人生的悲剧，所以这将永远重塑她的生活。故选A。

【24题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：阿鲁尼马被小偷从行驶的火车上推了下去，她忍受了一些严重的伤口，最终不得不截去了一条腿。A. hid隐藏；B. cleared清理；C. noticed注意到；D. tolerated忍受。根据下文“some severe wounds”可知，她受了重伤，即忍受了重伤。故选D。

【25题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：很多人可能会认为这是一个难以克服的挑战，但阿鲁尼马拒绝让这场悲惨的事件定义她，也不愿让它限制自己的潜力。A. overcome克服；B. relieve减轻；C. adjust调整；D. ignore忽视。根据上文“Many people may have seen this as a challenge difficult to”可知，许多人可能认为这是一个难以克服的挑战。故选A。

【26题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：很多人可能会认为这是一个难以克服的挑战，但阿鲁尼马拒绝让这场悲惨的事件定义她，也不愿让它限制自己的潜力。A. push推；B. define定义；C. blame责备；D. remind提醒。根据下文“her or set the boundaries of her potential”可知，阿鲁尼玛拒绝让这一悲惨事件定义她或限制她的潜力。故选B。

【27题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：相反，她把这种生活剧变不可避免带来的极度痛苦和烦恼，转化为一种动力，去完成一些真正非凡的事情。A. occasionally偶尔；B. passively被动地；C. actually实际上；D. unavoidably不可避免地。根据上文“she turned the extreme pain and annoyance”可知，生活中极端痛苦和烦恼是不可避免的。故选D。

【28题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：相反，她把这种生活剧变不可避免带来的极度痛苦和烦恼，转化为一种动力，去完成一些真正非凡的事情。A. drive动力；B. desire欲望；C. method方法；D. message信息。根据上文“she turned the extreme pain and annoyance”可知，她把生活中不可避免的极端痛苦和烦恼变成了动力。故选A。

【29题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：相反，她把这种生活剧变不可避免带来的极度痛苦和烦恼，转化为一种动力，去完成一些真正非凡的事情。A. precious珍贵的；B. exceptional杰出的，非凡的；C. rewarding有益的；D. influential有影响的。根据下文“Arunima set her sights on the highest \_\_\_11\_\_\_ on earth, Everest.”可知，她完成了真正非凡的事情。故选B。

【30题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：怀着向自己和全世界证明困难能够且永远不会使她气馁的强烈愿望，阿鲁尼马将目光投向了地球上的最高峰 —— 珠穆朗玛峰。A. injure伤害；B. remove去除；C. discourage使气馁；D. annoy惹恼。根据上文“With a burning desire to prove to herself and the whole world”可知，她想证明困难不会让她气馁。故选C。

【31题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：怀着向自己和全世界证明困难能够且永远不会使她气馁的强烈愿望，阿鲁尼马将目光投向了地球上的最高峰——珠穆朗玛峰。A. peak高峰；B. point要点；C. bridge桥梁；D. tower塔。根据下文“Everest”和常识可知，珠穆朗玛峰是地球上最高的山峰。故选A。

【32题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：她凭借着假肢和坚强的意志，开始了攀登世界最高峰的伟大征程。A. exhausted筋疲力尽的；B. long长的；C. slim苗条的；D. artificial人造的。根据上文“eventually required the amputation (截肢)of one of her legs”可知，她的一条腿被截肢了，所以带着人造腿。故选D。

【33题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：她凭借着假肢和坚强的意志，开始了攀登世界最高峰的伟大征程。A. climb攀登；B. explore探索；C. challenge挑战；D. visit拜访。根据上文“Arunima set her sights on the highest \_\_\_11\_\_\_ on earth, Everest.”可知，她开始了攀登世界最高峰的伟大旅程。故选A。

【34题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：她的成功远远超出了她个人的成就。A. efforts努力；B. contributions贡献；C. success成功；D. trouble麻烦。根据下文“It was a clear message to the world about the countless \_\_\_15\_\_\_ of the human spirit.”可知，她成功登上珠穆朗玛峰，所以她的崛起远远超出了她个人的成功。故选C。

【35题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：这向世界清晰地传达了一个信息，那就是人类精神有着无数的潜力。A. functions功能；B. aspects方面；C. opportunities机会；D. potentials潜力。根据上文“Arunima refused to allow this tragic incident to \_\_\_6\_\_\_ her or set the boundaries of her potential.”可知，人类精神有无限的潜力。故选D。

**第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

As a student with English literature as one of my main subjects, I thought I knew a lot about Hamlet. \_\_\_\_36\_\_\_\_ (see) quite a few productions of Hamlet and read the play many times, I felt confident until the Peking Opera came to town! Dating back to the 18th century, Peking Opera has \_\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_ history of over two hundred years. To make a \_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_ (compare) between Western and Eastern cultures, I went to see *The Revenge of Prince Zidan*, considered as the Peking Opera version of *Hamlet*.

The opera started \_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_ an orchestra playing traditional Chinese instruments, and it brought a \_\_\_\_40\_\_\_\_ (complete) new sound to my Western ears. I was surprised \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ the performers’ amazing costumes and masks. Besides, their voices sounded really unique. For example, some female artists’ voices were so high that I was sure they could break glass! Though they \_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_ (sing) in Chinese, their special techniques helped get the meanings across to the audience.

\_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_ I found incredible was the way the characters moved on stage and I even doubted that the performers were actually athletes. The audience were so excited that they all stood up, \_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_ (clap) for a long time. *The Revenge of Prince Zidan* is a wonderful play in combination with music, singing, drama, poetry \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_ explosive stage effect. I really enjoy it and I’ve realized that art is universal.

【答案】36. Having seen

37. a 38. comparison

39. with 40. completely

41. at 42. sang

43. What 44. clapping

45. and

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。本文讲述了作为一名主修英语文学且自认为对《哈姆雷特》颇为了解的学生，作者在观看了被认为是京剧版《哈姆雷特》的《王子复仇记》后，对京剧有了全新且深刻的认识。

【36题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：在看过不少《哈姆雷特》的演出并且多次读过这部戏剧之后，我一直都很自信，直到京剧来到了这座城市！分析句子结构可知，空处作状语，且see和主语I之间是逻辑上的主谓关系，所以应该用现在分词形式，且see的动作发生在felt之前，所以应该用现在分词的完成式，位于句首，首字母需大写。故填Having seen。

【37题详解】

考查冠词。句意：京剧可以追溯到18世纪，有着两百多年的历史。have a history of是固定短语，意为“有……的历史”。故填a。

【38题详解】

考查名词。句意：为了比较中西方文化，我去看了《王子复仇记》，它被认为是京剧版的《哈姆雷特》。根据空前的a可知，空处应该用名词单数形式作宾语，且make a comparison是固定短语，意为“进行比较”。故填comparison。

【39题详解】

考查介词。句意：这部歌剧以一支用中国传统乐器演奏的管弦乐队开场，对于我这个有着西方背景的人来说，它带来了一种全新的声音。start with是固定短语，意为“以……开始”。故填with。

【40题详解】

考查副词。句意：这部歌剧以一支用中国传统乐器演奏的管弦乐队开场，对于我这个有着西方背景的人来说，它带来了一种全新的声音。空处修饰形容词new，所以应该用副词completely作状语。故填completely。

【41题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：我对演员们令人惊叹的服装和面具感到惊讶。be surprised at sth.是固定短语，意为“对某事感到惊讶”。故填at。

【42题详解】

考查时态。句意：尽管他们用中文演唱，但他们独特的技巧帮助观众理解了其中的含义。根据主句谓语“helped”可知，从句谓语动词sing是在描述过去发生的事情，所以应该用一般过去时。故填sang。

【43题详解】

考查主语从句。句意：令我难以置信的是角色在舞台上的动作方式，我甚至怀疑这些演员实际上是运动员。分析句子结构可知，空处引导主语从句，且从句中缺少found的宾语，指事物，所以应该用连接代词what引导该从句，位于句首，首字母需大写。故填What。

【44题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：观众们非常兴奋，他们都站了起来，鼓掌了很长时间。空处需填非谓语动词作状语，且clap和主语the audience之间是逻辑上的主谓关系，所以应该用现在分词形式作伴随状语。故填clapping。

45题详解】

考查连词。句意：《王子复仇记》是一部精彩的戏剧，融合了音乐、演唱、戏剧、诗歌以及震撼的舞台效果。根据句意可知，music, singing, drama, poetry和explosive stage effect之间是并列关系，所以应该用并列连词and连接。故填and。

**第四部分：书面表达(共两节;满分40分)**

**第一节(满分15分)**

46. 假定你是李华，上周四是学校的“心理健康日”(“Mental Health Day”)，学校组织了一系列心理减压活动，作为校英文版的小记者，请你为此次活动写一篇新闻报道，内容包括：

1.活动描述；

2.学生的感受。

注意：

1.写作词数应为80个左右；

2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

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【答案】

Last Thursday, our school’s “Mental Health Day” was held with various stress-relieving activities.

In the morning, there was an interactive lecture on mental well-being by a psychologist. Students actively participated, asking questions about stress management. In the afternoon, outdoor group games like tug-of-war were organized, which encouraged teamwork. Besides, a “Gratitude Board” was set up, where students wrote down things they were thankful for.

The students really forgot worries for a while, and writing on the board made them see the bright side of life. These activities successfully helped students relax and better cope with mental stress.

【解析】

【导语】本篇书面表达属于应用文。要求考生就上周四学校组织的一系列心理减压活动写一篇新闻报道。

【详解】1.词汇积累

各种各样的：various→a variety of

此外：besides→what’s more

写下：write down→take down

忧虑：worry→concern

2.句式拓展

简单句变复合句

原句：Students actively participated, asking questions about stress management.

拓展句：Students actively participated, who asked questions about stress management.

【点睛】【高分句型1】In the afternoon, outdoor group games like tug-of-war were organized, which encouraged teamwork.（运用了which引导非限制性定语从句）

【高分句型2】Besides, a “Gratitude Board” was set up, where students wrote down things they were thankful for.（运用了where引导的非限制性定语从句和省略关系词的限制性定语从句）

**第二节(满分25分)**

47. 阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之成为一篇完整的短文。

**Mom’s Decision to Spend More Time with Son**

One sunny afternoon, young Timmy sat on the front steps of their cozy house, his chin (下巴) resting on his hands, eyes fixed on the street. His friends were playing in the park across the road, their laughter filling the air, but Timmy didn’t join them. He was waiting for his mom to come home.

Timmy’s mom, Mrs. Thompson, was a hard-working real estate agent (房地产经纪人). She was constantly on the go, showing houses to clients, attending meetings, and working late into the night. Most days, Timmy only saw her in the early morning rush before school or briefly in the evening when she was too tired to do much more than give him a quick hug.

That day, when Mrs. Thompson finally pulled up in her car, she noticed Timmy’s sad expression. As she got out of the car, Timmy ran up to her, his eyes lighting up for a moment. “Mom, can we play a game today? Like we used to?” he asked hopefully. Mrs. Thompson looked at her watch and sighed. “Not today, honey. I have so much work to do. Maybe tomorrow.” Timmy’s shoulders slumped, and he quietly walked back to the steps.

That evening, as Mrs. Thompson sat at her desk, going through piles of paperwork, she couldn’t get Timmy’s disappointed face out of her mind. She realized that she had been so focused on her career that she was missing out on her son’s childhood. After much thought, she made a decision. She would take some time off work to be with Timmy.

The next morning, Mrs. Thompson called her boss and explained the situation. To her relief, her boss was understanding and gave her a week off. She then went to Timmy’s room with a big smile on her face.

注意：

(1)续写词数应为150左右；

(2)请按如下格式答题纸相应位置作答。

She said, “Timmy, I’m going to take a whole week off work, just for us!”

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However, just as they were playing, Mrs. Thompson’s phone rang.

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【答案】 *She said “Timmy, I’m going to take a whole week off work, just for us!”* Timmy’s eyes widened in surprise and excitement. He jumped out of bed and hugged his mom tightly. “Really, Mom? That’s amazing!” They spent the morning planning all the things they would do together. They decided to go to the zoo first. As they drove to the zoo, Timmy chatted non-stop, his face glowing with happiness. Upon arrival, they rushed towards the panda enclosure, where they watched in awe as the cute pandas munched on bamboo. Timmy laughed out loud when one panda rolled over like a clumsy ball. Mrs. Thompson photographed these precious moments, feeling a sense of contentment she hadn’t experienced in a long time.

*However, just as they were playing, Mrs. Thompson’s phone rang.* It was one of her most important clients. The client had an urgent question about a house they were interested in buying. Mrs. Thompson hesitated for a moment. Looking at Timmy’s excited face, she made a choice. She silenced her phone and put it back in her bag. She turned to Timmy and said, “Nothing is more important than this time with you, Timmy.” They spent the rest of the day at the zoo, exploring every corner, and even had a picnic lunch on the grass. By the end of the day, both Timmy and Mrs. Thompson were tired but filled with joy.

【解析】

【导语】文章以人物为线索展开，讲述了房地产经纪人汤普森夫人工作忙碌，常常无暇陪伴儿子蒂米。一天蒂米满怀期待地希望妈妈能陪自己玩游戏，却遭到拒绝而失望。汤普森夫人看到儿子失望的表情后，意识到自己因专注工作而错过了儿子的童年，经过思考后决定请假陪伴儿子，她向老板说明情况后幸运地得到了一周的假期。

【详解】1.段落续写

①由第一段首句“她说道：“蒂米，我打算请一整周的假，就为了我们俩！””可知，第一段可描写汤普森夫人和蒂米一起游玩的经过。

②由第二段首句内容“然而，就在他们玩耍的时候，汤普森夫人的手机响了。”可知，第二段可描写在游玩期间接到了客户的电话，汤普森夫人将手机调成静音，继续陪蒂米游玩。

2.续写线索：蒂米感到兴奋——一起游玩动物园——接到客户电话——手机调成静音——感到疲惫却喜悦

3.词汇激活

行为类

①决定做某事：decide to do/determine to do

②拥抱：hug/embrace

③对……感兴趣：be interested in/take an interest in

④探索：explore/probe

情绪类

①令人惊讶的：amazing/astonishing

②感到兴奋的：excited/thrilled

【点睛】[高分句型1]Upon arrival, they rushed towards the panda enclosure, where they watched in awe as the cute pandas munched on bamboo.（运用了where引导非限制性定语从句，as引导时间状语从句）

[高分句型2]Looking at Timmy’s excited face, she made a choice.（运用了现在分词作状语）