**天津一中2023-2024-2高三年级英语学科四月考试卷**

**笔试部分**

本试卷分为第1卷（选择题）、第Ⅱ卷（非选择题）和听力测试三部分, 共150分, 第1卷、第Ⅱ卷考试用时100分钟。第1卷5页, 第Ⅱ卷1页, 听力测试2页。考生务必将答案涂写规定的位置上, 答在试卷上的无效。

**祝各位考生考试顺利！**

**第I卷**

**注意事项：**

1. 每小题选出答案后, 用铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。

2. 本卷共55小题, 共95分。

第一部分：英语知识运用（共两节, 满分45分）

第一节单项填空（共15小题；每小题1分, 满分15分）

从A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. --Have you heard the news that Mrs Smith will be appointed as our head teacher?

-- \_\_\_\_\_\_. She is just an assistant.

A. You said it B. By all means C. You don’t say D. You bet

2. --You look sleepy today.

-- \_\_\_\_\_\_not to miss the flight, I didn’t dare to close my eyes the whole night.

A. Having reminded B. Reminded C. Being reminded D. To be reminded

3. Some people think that watching violence on TV is one of the major causes of \_\_\_\_\_\_behavior and crime in society.

A. abstract B. ridiculous C. aggressive D. visual

4. It is said that body language \_\_\_\_\_\_55 percent of a first impression while what you say just 7 percent.

A. lies in B. accounts for C. consists of D. goes with

5. The magician picked several persons \_\_\_\_\_\_from the audience and asked them to help with his performance.

A. at random B. on the whole C. on average D. in general

6. Each means \_\_\_\_\_\_to solve the problem, but none is effective.

A have been tried out B. were tried out C. is tried out D. has been tried out

7. I advise you to stay away from Mary. Although she is usually easy-going, she \_\_\_\_\_\_be quite annoying sometimes.

A. can B. need C. must D. should

8. These MBAs are undeniably expensive and \_\_\_\_\_\_pose the question as to how much value and payback they can provide.

A. essentially B. absolutely C. consistently D. consequently

9. --Will you take over at the next service area? I want a short rest.

--Sure. You \_\_\_\_\_\_for over four hours by then.

A. have driven B. have been driving C. will have been driving D. will be driving

10. In schools, it is required that no parent should \_\_\_\_\_\_to classrooms during class time.

A. have possession B. have connection C. have access D. have contact

11. Don't let such an unimportant matter as this come between us \_\_\_\_\_\_we can 'concentrate on the major issue.

A. so that B. in case C. because D. on condition that

12. When you visit Beijing, you can go to theaters and teahouses \_\_\_\_\_\_you can experience a truly Chinese way of life.

A. that B. which C. where D. when

13. --I've been eating a healthy diet for a year.

--Oh, great! \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Same to you B. Keep it up C. Cheer up D. Good luck

14. Dr. Hart says \_\_\_\_\_\_he really admires is the way \_\_\_\_\_\_she has acknowledged good health not only makes her more beautiful, but happier too.

A. which, that B. that, what C. what, that D. that, which

15. If you see things in a negative light, you will find faults and problems where there are really

-- \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. nothing B. some C. many D. none

第二节完形填空（共20小题；每小题1. 5分, 满分30分）

阅读下面短文, 从16-35各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

After a whole week of rain we finally had a comfortable, beautiful summer day outside. My family and I were driving to a nearby town when my daughter 16 a yard sale. Then, a few miles down the road, we saw another, and another, and another. We saw tables full of knickknacks. We saw plates, glasses, and silverware. 17, we saw lots of smiling people talking, laughing, siting, and standing in the sunshine.

Seeing all of this brought back 18 of my childhood. Most of the clothes in my closet back then came from 19. My mom was a talented yard sale-shopper. When I was little, she would drag me along with her. I used to 20 going to them, until one special day when I saw that they also sold old 21. After that, I always browsed through the books until it was time to 22 Sometimes mom would 23 me one too. Soon, a large part of my home library came from yard sale books. For me, these books were more 24 than their first editions.

Why do we have yard sales? It certainly isn't for the 25. For all the time and 26people put into them, they would hardly make minimum wage from the sales. I think, rather, it is yard sales that 27 us together. We 28 our old things and we buy "new" old things. We talk and 29 old friends and new neighbors. We get a 30 to give and share. We 31 through kindness and love among all the old stuff. It's all about 32, both in goods and between people.

I think yard sales teach us something about 33 too. We can't really 34 anything here, after all; all we get is 35 possession of our stuff, then it comes time for us to let it go and pass it on.

16. A. announced B. spotted C. prepared D. recalled

17. A. Even so B. In short C. At least D. Above all

18. A. problems B. memories C. realities D. dreams

19. A. markets B. neighbors C. yard sales D. shopping malls

20. A. imagine B. enjoy C. practice D. hate

21. A. books B. paintings C. plates D. toys.

22. A. go B. start C. work D. register

23. A. award B. write C. buy D. lend

24. A. popular B. useful C. different D. priceless

25. A. fun B. money C. relaxation D. responsibility

26. A. love B. resource C. fund D. effort

27. A. mix B. bring C. guide D. inspire

28. A. get rid of B. put away C. go through D. make use of

29. A. pass by B. look for C. catch up with D. face up to

30. A. tradition B. goal C. chance D. job

31. A. extend B. connect C. learn D. compete

32. A. communication B. information C. delivery D. exchange

33. A. life B. ethics C. economy D. society

34. A. purchase B. explore C. own D. trust

35. A. temporary B. legal C. normal D. full

第三部分阅读理解（共20小题：每小题2. 5分, 满分50分）

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

With the rapid development of computer science, the Internet is changing quickly out of our expectations. In the past, we just had the Internet while now we have the Internet of Things （IoT）, which aims to get everything and everyone talking. Attaching sensors to "things", such as cows, cars and refrigerators, and then assigning them unique IP addresses allow them to "talk" to the Internet. Of course, the IoT will involve much more than a handful of sensors. Networking company Cisco estimates that 50 billion Internet-connected devices and objects will be sending over data by 2020.

|  |
| --- |
| **Specific Benefits**  The IoT will allow people to track things and processes like never before. Airplane manufacturers will be able to continuously track the condition of airplane parts, allowing them to do preventive maintenance and. avoid costly downtime. Consumers could install smart meters in their homes to monitor energy usage and observe energy price changes in real time. That would allow people to adjust their habits and use electrical appliances during lower-priced hours. |
| **Some Fears**  Some critics fear that the IoT could end up being a fashion that people lose interest in over time. Having Twitter feeds on refrigerator doors may sound cool at first, but the attraction could fade as quickly as the excitement over last year's smartphone! Other critics are doubtful that companies making Internet-connected appliances will provide long-term software updates. If that happens, a refrigerator or washing machine that should last 10 years or more could last two or three due to the software that's outdated. |
| **A Positive Example**  Early this year, owners of the Tesla Model S electric car received a recall notice alerting them to a charger plug needing to be fixed. Amazingly, owners of the Model S sat back while the company performed an "over the air" wireless update. Customers confirmed the update by tapping on the car's touchscreen console to see that the Model S was running the latest software version. No trip to the dealer was required!  Perhaps Tesla's remote fix is a sign of things to come. Someday soon, people's lives might become a lot more efficient and convenient thanks to the IoT. |

36. How do researchers get everything and everyone talking?

A. By establishing the IoT and launching a handful of sensors.

B. By sending people to track them day and night and collect useful data.

C. By communicating with them all the time through the IoT.

D. By connecting sensors with them and appointing them unique IP addresses.

37. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT TRUE?

A. IoT can help people do preventive maintenance and save money.

B. IoT can help people monitor energy usage and observe price changes timely.

C. IoT can help people adjust their habits and use electrical appliances more wisely.

D. IoT can help people investigate things and update a lot of important data.

38. Besides its probably ending up being a fashion, what else do critics worry about the IoT?

A. People will lose interest in it as quckly as the thrill over last year's smartphone.

B. Whether related companies will provide long-term software updates or not.

C. Refrigerators and washing machines will be replaced by other devices in a few years.

D. The software provided by companies will be outdated easily and quickly.

39. According to the passage, when owners of the Tesla Model S electric car received a recall notice, they \_\_\_.

A. just waited in the car while the maintenance is being done through wireless update

B. were required to go to the nearest 4S store to make some adjustments or repairs

C. could definitely depend on the IoT to send them the charger plug to be fixed

D. had to confirm the update with the help of the equipment provided by the company

40. What would be the best title for the passage?

A. Craze is disappearing! B. It's time to change!

C. It's all connected! D. The Internet is coming!

B

It was a cold May morning when I received an intriguing （有趣的） email from an old high school friend inviting me to join a 10-day all-girls surf trip. I knew I had to say yes.

The trip seemed simple enough. Ten women aged 30 to 45, all complete strangers, gathered on the coast of Portugal to try something new: surfing in the Atlantic Ocean.

I have always loved traveling, so I eagerly sent an email to my boss seeking permission from him to make the once-in-a-life trip.

If there's one thing I've learned over my past 33 years, it's that adults typically spend their days mastering the things they've done before. It seems like we pride. ourselves on becoming experts in whatever field we've fallen into, knowing more and more about less and less.

Now, in theory, this is a great strategy, as it allows you to become really, really good at one particular thing, but it also kind of ends up leaving some skills lacking.

I met my new surfing companions on the grass of the hotel lawn in a small surf town called Ericeira. Despite our different personalities and backgrounds, we were all united in a relentless desire to challenge ourselves, learn, tackle and grow.

The shores at Ericeira, where the beginners learn to surf, are shallow and covered with slippery rocks. They make for softer waves but are difficult to navigate.

Guided by our amazing coaches, together, we faced the waves. Sometimes, it poured with rain, and the waves crashed around us, but we were still out there. And with every slip and fall, words of encouragement filled the air.

Honestly, I probably spent most of my days frozen to the bone, but that didn't matter because a new level of genuine joy and personal achievement had been unlocked. Learning a new skill taught me the humility that can come from doing badly at something new, and the pride that develops when you finally manage to grasp something you've been working on.

While surfing might not be my calling, trying it out inspired me to take more risks in life, to step outside of my comfort zone and to never stop believing in myself. You never know what you're capable of if you don't go out there and try.

41. What motivated the author to join the surf trip to Portugal?

A. Her love for surfing and improving existing skills.

B. Her desire to reconnect with a high school friend and make new friends.

C. Her passion for embracing challenges and exploring new places.

D. The chance to take a break in Portugal from work.

4 2. What is the author's view on adults focusing on mastering one field?

A. It blocks creativity and exploration. B. It is essential for career success.

C. It disturbs one's work-life balance. D. It narrows one's abilities.

43. Which of the following words best describe the author's surfing experience?

A. Tough but rewarding. B. Relaxing but unpredictable.

C. Difficult but interesting. D. Tiring but meaningful.

44. What can be inferred about the author?

A. She discovered her true calling atter the trip.

B. She used to lack confidence in herself.

C. She became more willing to challenge herself.

D. She went on to become an expert surfer.

45. What wisdom did the author gain from the experience with surfing?

A. The need to seek professional training in all new skills.

B. The value of pushing your limits and running the risk of something unpleasant.

C. The benefit of exploring new places with unknown companions.

D. The importance of being an expert in on field.

C

The Internet has completely changed the workplace over the past three decades. Artificial Intelligence is now all set to do the same, and businesses that don't take advantage of the technology risk being left behind.

Global tech giants like Amazon have been leading the change, and businesses of all sizes are now using the technology for employing and managing their staff.

Among them is L'Oreal. With about a million applicants for roughly 15, 000 new positions each year. the company is using AI to hire.

"We really wanted to save time and focus more on quality, diversity and candidate experience. And AI solutions were the best way to go faster on these challenges, " said Eva Azoulay, global vice-president of L'Oreal's Human Resources Department.

The company uses Mya, a chatbot, to save employers' time during the first stage of the process. It handles routine questions from candidates, and checks details such as availability and visa requirements. Should candidates make it to the next round, they'll run into Seedlink, an AI software that scores applicants based on their answers to open-ended interview questions. These scores don't replace human judgment, said Azoulay, but they do **exclude** candidates who might not seem like obvious choices.

Early results have been promising. For one internship program, where 12, 000 people apply for about 80 spots, employers claim they saved 200 hours of time while hiring the most diverse group to date.

Other businesses have gone beyond employment and are using AI to help manage employees. Some UK firms have started using Isaak, a system designed by the London-based company StatusToday, to track how many hours staff spend online and the number of emails they receive. London real estate agent JBrown has been using this system since March. CEO James Brown said it helps the firm understand employees' habits and prevent them from overworking. "It enables us to solve bottleneck problems and relieve overburdened employees, "he said.

Despite these examples of good practice, there is still a long way for AI to reach its full potential, and the technology comes with risks. Another AI danger could be its impact on jobs through automation.

McKinsey predicts AI could add $13 trillion to the global economy by 2030, with early adopters. Doubling their cash flow over that period. But the demand for repetitive （重复的） or digitally-unskilled jobs could drop by around 10%, the consulting firm said in a 2018 report.

46. What can we learn about AI technology from Paragraph 1?

A. It causes a great problem in workplace.

B. It will become a necessary part of business.

C. It requires businesses to invest much money.

D. It will replace the Internet in the future.

47. L'Oreal uses AI in its hiring process to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. pick out the most suitable candidates directly

B. come up with more questions unlimitedly

C. improve the company's hiring efficiency

D. save money by replacing human judgment

48. What's the meaning of the underlined word "exclude" in the 5th paragraph?

A. prepare B. consider C. remove D. include

49. Firms with the system Isaak can \_\_\_.

A. prevent their employees from surfing the Internet

B. force their employees to form good working habits

C. monitor the contents of all their employees' emails

D. help their employees avoid being overstressed at work

45. What is the main idea of the passage?

A. What AI will bring to the workplace.

B. Why AI could be good for the workplace.

C. How businesses can prepare for an AI future.

D. How to use AI to improve workplace efficiency.

D

Culture can affect not just language and customs, but also how people experience the world on surprisingly basic levels.

Researchers, with the help of brain scans, have uncovered shocking differences in perception （感知） between Westerners and Asians, what they see when they look at a city street, for example, or even how they perceive a simple line in a square, according to findings published in a leading science journal.

In western countries, culture makes people think of themselves as highly independent individuals. When looking at scenes, Westerners tend to focus more on central objects than on their surroundings. East Asian cultures, however, emphasize inter-dependence. When Easterners look at a scene, they tend to focus on surroundings as well as the object.

Using an experiment involving two tasks, Dr Hedden asked subjects to look at a line simply to estimate its length, a task that is played to American strengths. In another, they estimated the line's length relative to the size of a square, an easier task for the Asians. The level of brain activity, by tracking blood flow, was then measured by Brain Scanners. The experiment found that although there was no difference in performance, and the tasks were very easy, the levels of activity in the subjects' brains were different. For the Americans, areas linked to attention lit up more, when they worked on the task they tended to find more difficult-estimating the line's length relative to the square. For the Asians, the attention areas lit up more during the harder task also-estimating the line's length without comparing it to the square. The findings are a reflection of more than ten years of previous experimental research into east-west differences.

In one study, for instance, researchers offered people a choice among five pens; four red and one green. Easterners were more likely to choose a red pen while Westerners were more likely' to choose the green one.

Culture is not affecting how you see the world, but how you choose to understand and internalize it. But such habits can be changed. Some psychological studies suggest that when an Easterner goes to the West or vice versa, habits of thought and perception also begin to change. Such research gives us clues on how our brain works and is hopeful for us to develop programs to improve our memory, memory techniques and enhance and accelerate our learning skills.

51. According to the passage, Chinese people are most likely to \_\_\_.

A. more emphasize independent thinking

B. always focus more on their surroundings

C. think of Westerners as highly independent individuals

D. focus more on the context as well as the object

52. We know from the passage that people's brains will be more active when \_\_\_.

A. the task is much easier B. the blood flow is tracked

C. the task is more difficult D. people begin to choose colors.

53. What do the findings of the experiment mentioned in the 4th paragraph indicate?

A. They indicate that culture has a great impact on the way people talk and behave.

B. They show that Easterners and Westerners have great differences in perceiving the world.

C They suggest that people's habits of thought and-perception can be changed in different cultures.

D. They make it clear that Easterners and Westerners lay emphasis on different things.

54. It can be inferred from the passage that \_\_\_\_.

A. Easterners prefer collectivism to individualism

B. East Asian cultures lay more emphasis on independence

C. It took over ten years to find out how to improve our brainpower

D. Americans will change their habits of perception when' they're in Britain

55. Which of the following will be the best title of the passage?

A. Chinese culture: why it has an advantage over Western culture?

B. Western culture and Chinese culture: which will be more suitable for us?

C. Western culture and Chinese culture: why we should learn from both?

D. Western culture vs. Chinese culture

**第Π卷**

注意事项：

1. 用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在答题卡上。

2. 本卷共6小题, 共35分。

第三部分：写作

第一节：阅读表达（共5小题；每小题2分, 满分10分）

阅读短文, 按照题目要求用英语回答问题。（请注意问题后的字数要求）

For most of her life, Suanne Laqueur's passion for storytelling was shown on the dance floor.

Although Laqueur began writing at a young age, dancing always took center stage. She majored in dance and theater at Alfred University and taught at her mother's dance studio in Croton-on-Hudson, New York, for years. But when her mother was ready to retire and an opportunity opened for Laqueur to take over the studio, she realized she had no interest in taking on the business side of her art: 'Owning a studio is a lot of work—financially, logistically. I love the teaching, the choreographing （编舞）, the staging, but I didn't want to own it. "

Yet Laqueur's disinterest in running the studio changed when she became a self-published author. In the fall of 2013, she decided to pursue self-publishing as a way of sharing her first completed novel with friends and family. During the process, she realized that following her true passion-telling stories through writing-made the business of the art worthwhile, and owning that business meant she could direct her writing career however she chose.

Starting with her second self-published novel, she began investing more time in marketing and building her audience. Her investment paid off. Since 2014, Laqueur, now 49, has self-published six novels, which collectively have hundreds of ratings and reviews on Goodreads. Gradually, readers pay more attention to her works. In particular, her 2016 novel *An Exaltation of Larks* stole the show and won the grand prize at the 25th Annual Writer's Digest Self-Published Book Awards, topping more than 2, 300 entries.

"You have to write the most truthful story to you, and I think self-publishing allows that freedom, " she says, "If you work with traditional publishing, it's more about what's marketable. There are trade-offs, which everyone will tell you, but by self-publishing I have control of the book, I have control of the story, and I'm cool with that. "

56. Why didn't Laqueur take over her mother's studio? （no more than 10 words）

57. What made Laqueur change her attitude to business? （no more than 5 words）

58. What does the underlined part "stole the show"mean in paragraph 4? （no more than 3 words）

59. How does Laqueur enjoy the way of self-publishing? （no more than 10 words）

60. Which do you think is the most important factor when pursuing your career Please explain. （no more than 20 words）

第二节：书面表达（满分25分）

61. 假如你是晨光中学的高三年级学生李津。在你们学校高三年级上周举办的“英语学习门“活动中, 英国外教Jim做了关于英语学习的在线讲座, 请你代表高三年级的学生给他写封信, 内容包括：

1. 表达感谢及同学们的收获；

2. 在英语学习中仍然存在的困惑并寻求帮助（如阅读或写作）：

3. 期待回信。

注意：

1. 词数100左右：

2. 可适当加入细节, 以使内容充实、行文连贯：

3. 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Jim.

Yours.

Li Jin

2023-2024-2高三英语四月考答案

单项填空（共15小题；每小题1分, 满分15分）

1-5 CBCBA

6-10 DADCC

11-15 ACBCD

完型填空（共20小题；每小题1. 5分, 满分30分）

16-20 BDBCD

21-25 AACDB

26-30 DBACC

31-35 BDACA

阅读理解（共20小题：每小题2. 5分, 满分50分）

36-40 DDBAC

41-45 CDACB

46-50 BCCDA

51-55 DCBAC

阅读表达（共5小题；每小题2分, 满分10分）

56. She didn't have interest in running the studio.

Or: She disliked hated the business side of art.

Or: Owning a studio is much work-financially, logistically.

57. Self-publishing her novel（s）.

Or: She became a self-published author.

Or: She self-published her novel（s）.

58. Attracted/Caught /Captured Drew people's attention.

59. She has the freedom to write the most truthful story.

Or: She has control of the book and the story.

Or: She doesn't have to consider the market and trade-offs.

60. Passion/Interest. If I have a great passion for my job, I will work harder and be more likely to succeed.

书面表达（满分25分）

One possible version:

Dear Jim,

My name is Li Jin, a senior student from Chenguang High School. On behalf of all the students of Senior Three, I'm writing to express our sincere gratitude for your online lecture.

After attending your lecture on English learning, the students of Senior Three have achieved a lot. The approaches you taught not only enable us to memorize new words more quickly and easily, but also help us increase our reading speed, making us become more confident in the coming College Entrance Examination. Despite your helpful tips, there are still a couple of things that confuse us. For example, we always get stuck and feel depressed in face of the unfamiliar words in the reading comprehension. We were wondering whether you can help us guess the meaning and understand the passage precisely. What's more, it couldn't be better if there will be any way to improve our writing. I'm fully convinced that your advice will be of great help to us.

I'd appreciate it if you could offer more suggestions on our English learning. Looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,

Li Jin

听力测试

试卷A

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. B 11. C 12. A 13. A 14. B 15. C

试卷B

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. C 7. B 8. A 9. C 10. B 11. A 12. C 13. A 14. C 15. B